



Safety Data Sheet

24 Hour Emergency Phone Numbers
Medical/Poison Control:
 In U.S.: Call 1-800-222-1222

Outside U.S.: Call your local poison control center

Transportation/National Response Center:

1-800-535-5053

1-352-323-3500

NOTE: The National Response Center emergency numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

IMPORTANT: Provide this information to employees, customers, and users of this product. Read this SDS before handling or disposing of this product. This product is covered by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and this document has been prepared in accordance with requirements of this standard. All abbreviated terms used in this SDS are further described in Section 16.

1. Identification

Product Name:	Wallboard Joint Compound (Ready to Use)	Revision Date:	6/30/2025
Product UPC Number:	070798101005	Supersedes Date:	4/12/2022
Manufacturer:	DAP Global Inc. 2400 Boston Street Suite 200 Baltimore, MD 21224-4723 888-327-8477 (non - emergency matters)	Product Use/Class:	Spackling Compound
	SDS Coordinator: MSDS@dap.com	SDS No:	7028801
	Emergency Telephone: Transportation: 1-800-535 -5053 1-352-323-3500 Poison Control: 1-800-222-1222	Preparer:	Regulatory and Environmental Affairs

2. Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Product dust may be irritating to eyes, skin and respiratory system. Removal of this product after use or by dry sanding will generate dust and exposure to this dust may be irritating to the eyes, ears, nose and mouth.

GHS Classification

Carc. 1A, Eye Irrit. 2A, Skin Irrit. 2, STOT RE 2, STOT SE 2

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word

Danger

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

Skin Irritation, category 2

H315

Causes skin irritation.

Eye Irritation, category 2A	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Carcinogenicity, category 1A	H350	May cause cancer.
STOT, single exposure, category 2	H371	May cause damage to organs. classified Category 2 evidence from animal studies suggest harmful . Cell death, adverse change in biochemistry, haematology or urinalysis parameters, Central or peripheral nervous system and effects senses. Multifocal or diffuse necrosis, fibrosis or granuloma formation in organs.
STOT, repeated exposure, category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P311	IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
P321	Specific treatment (see ... on this label).
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362	Take off contaminated clothing.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container.

GHS SDS PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
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3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Wt. %</u>	<u>GHS Symbols</u>	<u>GHS Statements</u>
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	45-70	GHS07	H315-319
Hydroxypropyl distarch phospho	53124-00-8	1-5	No Information	No Information
Silica, crystalline	14808-60-7	1-5	GHS07-GHS08	H332-350-370-372
Petroleum Hydrocarbon	64741-97-5	0.1-1.0	GHS06-GHS08	H331-350

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "Other information" Section.

4. First-aid Measures

FIRSTAID GENERAL ADVICE: No Information

FIRST AID - INHALATION: If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical attention immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Get medical attention immediately.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water for 15 minutes. Get medical aid if symptoms persist.

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes until irritation subsides. Get medical attention immediately.

IMPORTANTSYMPTOMS: No Information

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: No Information

5. Fire-fighting Measures

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: No Information

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: No Information

Extinguishing media: Alcohol Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Spray or Fog, Water

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: In case of spillage, absorb with inert material and dispose of in accordance with applicable regulations.

CONTAINMENT AND CLEAN UP: No Information

ENVIRONMENTAL MEASURES: No Information

EMERGENCY ADVICE: No Information

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS: No Information

7. Handling and Storage



HANDLING: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN! DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. Use only with adequate ventilation. Ensure fresh air entry during application and drying. Do not breathe dust. Removal of this product after use will result in the generation of Dust. If dry-sanded, exposure to dust may result in the build-up of material in eyes, ears, nose, and mouth which may cause irritation. While dry sanding, use of a NIOSH-approved dust mask is recommended. Wash thoroughly after handling.

STORAGE: Avoid excessive heat and freezing. Do not store at temperatures above 120 °F (49 °C). Store away from caustics and oxidizers. Keep containers tightly closed.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Ingredients with Occupational Exposure Limits

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV-TWA	ACGIH-TLV STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL-CEILING
Calcium Carbonate	N.E.	N.E.	15 mg/m ³ TWA total dust, 5 mg/m ³ TWA respirable fraction	N.E.
Silica, crystalline	0.025 mg/m ³ TWA respirable particulate matter	N.E.	50 µg/m ³ TWA Respirable crystalline silica	N.E.
Petroleum Hydrocarbon	5 mg/m ³ TWA inhalable particulate matter	N.E.	5 mg/m ³ TWA As Oil mist, mineral [8012-95-1]	N.E.

Further Advice: MEL = Maximum Exposure Limit OES = Occupational Exposure Standard SUP = Supplier's Recommendation Sk = Skin Sensitizer N.E. = Not Established

Notes

14808-60-7 Crystalline silica is a specially regulated substance for which an OSHA chemical-specific exposure standard exists. Detailed information regarding this substance may be found in 29 CFR 1910.1053. Medical surveillance information regarding this substance may be found in Appendix C to 29 CFR 1910.1053.

Personal Protection



RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: When concentrations exceed the exposure limits specified, use of a NIOSH-approved dust, mist and fume respirator is recommended. Where the protection factor of the respirator may be exceeded, use of a full facepiece, supplied air, or Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) may be necessary. Use an approved NIOSH/OSHA respirator if dry sanded. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) has recommended that the permissible exposure limit be changed to 50 micrograms respirable free silica per cubic meter of air (0.05 mg/m³) as determined by a full shift sample up to 10-hour work shift. If concentrations exceed the exposure limits specified, use of a NIOSH-approved supplied air respirator is recommended. Where the protection factor is exceeded,

use of a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) may be necessary. A respiratory protection program that meets the OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.



SKIN PROTECTION: Wear protective gloves.



EYE PROTECTION: Safety glasses when appropriate.



OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Not required under normal use.



HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.



ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. If dry-sanding, provide sufficient mechanical ventilation to maintain exposure below PEL and TLV. Wet sanding is recommended to avoid generation of dust.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Color:	White to Off-White	Physical State:	Solid
Odor:	Musty	pH:	Between 7.0 and 12.0
Density, g/cm ³ :	1.72	Viscosity (mPa.s):	Not Established
Freeze Point, °C:	Not Established	Partition Coeff., n-octanol/water:	Not Established
Decomposition Temperature, °C:	Not Established	Explosive Limits, %:	N.E.
Boiling Range, °C:	N.A. Mixture w/o a constant boiling point.	Auto-Ignition Temperature, °C	Not Established
Flash Point, °C:	Water - based, does not flash.	Vapor Pressure, mmHg:	Not Established
Vapor Density:	Heavier Than Air	Flash Method:	Not Applicable
Particle Characteristics:	No Information	Solubility in Water:	Not Established
Flammability:	Does not support combustion		

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

(If product is an aerosol, the flash point stated above is that of the propellant.)

10. Stability and Reactivity

REACTIVITY: Stable under normal conditions.

STABILITY: Stable under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Do not breathe dust. Avoid dust formation in confined areas. Excessive heat and freezing.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong bases and oxidizing agents.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Above 1450 degree C: SO₂ and CaO.

11. Toxicological Information



Practical Experiences

IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS: No Information

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Prolonged, repeated, or high exposures may cause irritation to the respiratory tract (nose, mouth, mucous membranes). Dust from dry sanding may cause eye, skin, nose, throat and respiratory tract irritation.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health

effects. Single dose oral toxicity is very low. Amounts ingested incidental to industrial handling are not likely to cause injury; however, ingestion of large amounts may cause injury. Ingestion may result in obstruction when material hardens.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause mild irritation.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Direct eye contact may cause irritation. May cause eye irritation.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite that is inhaled from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1- carcinogenic to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (published in June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these materials. The National Toxicology Program (NTP) classifies respirable crystalline silica as "known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (Group A2). Breathing dust containing respirable crystalline silica may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may have the following serious chronic health effects: Excessive inhalation of respirable dust can cause pneumoconiosis, a respiratory disease, which can result in delayed, progressive, disabling and sometimes fatal lung injury. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness and reduced pulmonary function. Smoking exacerbates this disease. Individuals with pneumoconiosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis. There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by fibrosis of the lungs, skin and other internal organs) and kidney disease. Prolonged or repeated inhalation of dust may cause lung damage. Constituents of this product include crystalline silica which, if inhalable, may cause silicosis, a form of progressive pulmonary fibrosis. Inhalable crystalline silica is listed by IARC as a group I carcinogen (lung) based on sufficient evidence in occupationally exposed humans and sufficient evidence in animals. Crystalline silica is also listed by the NTP as a known human carcinogen. Constituents may also contain asbestiform or non-asbestiform tremolite or other silicates as impurities, and above de minimus exposure to these impurities in inhalable form may be carcinogenic or cause other serious lung problems.

CARCINOGENICITY: No Information

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Skin Contact, Inhalation, Eye Contact

Acute Toxicity Values

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
1317-65-3	Calcium Carbonate	6450 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.
53124-00-8	Hydroxypropyl distarch phospho	>3000 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.
64741-97-5	Petroleum Hydrocarbon	5000 mg/kg Rat	5000 mg/kg Rabbit	>5.0 mg/L Rat

N.I. = No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Ecological injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY: No Information

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: No Information

MOBILITY IN SOIL: No Information

OTHER COLOGICAL: No Information

13. Disposal Information



Product

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: This product does not meet the definition of a hazardous waste according to U.S. EPA Hazardous Waste Management Regulation, 40 CFR Section 261. Dispose as hazardous waste according to all local, state, federal and provincial regulations. State and Local regulations/restrictions are complex and may differ from Federal regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste.

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: In case of spillage, absorb with inert material and dispose of in accordance with applicable regulations.

PACKAGE CONTAMINMENT: No Information

14. Transport Information

SPECIAL TRANSPORT PRECAUTIONS: No Information

DOT UN/NA Number:	N.A.
DOT Proper Shipping Name:	Not Regulated
DOT Technical Name:	N.A.
DOT Hazard Class:	N.A.
Hazard SubClass:	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.
Resp. Guide Page:	No Information
Environmental hazards:	No Information
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:	No Information

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Carcinogenicity, Skin Corrosion or Irritation, Serious eye damage or eye irritation, Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA SECTION 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

No SARA 313 components exist in this product.

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

All ingredients in this product are either on TSCA inventory list, or otherwise exempt.

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

16. Other Information

Revision Date: 6/30/2025 **Supersedes Date:** 4/12/2022

Reason for revision: Product Composition Changed
 Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in Section(s):
 02 - Hazards Identification
 03 - Hazards Identification
 05 - Flammability Information
 08 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection
 09 - Physical & Chemical Information
 11 - Toxicological Information
 13 - Disposal Information
 14 - Transportation Information
 15 - Regulatory Information
 16 - Other Information
 Substance Chemical Name Changed
 Substance Hazard Threshold % Changed
 Revision Statement(s) Changed

Datasheet produced by: Regulatory Department

HMIS Ratings:

Health: 2*

Flammability: 1

Reactivity: 0

Personal Protection: X

VOC Less Water Less Exempt Solvent, g/L: 0.1

VOC Material, g/L: 0

VOC Actual, Wt/Wt%: 0.0

Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H331 Toxic if inhaled.
 H332 Harmful if inhaled.
 H350 May cause cancer.

- H370 Causes damage to organs . Classified Category 1 Substances that produced significant toxicity in humans and evidence to produce significant toxicity with single exposure. Cell death, adverse change in biochemistry, haematology or urinalysis parameters, Central or peripheral nervous system and effects senses. multifocal or diffuse necrosis, fibrosis or granuloma formation in organs.
- H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

GHS06



GHS07



GHS08



Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

We believe the data and statements contained herein are accurate as of the date hereof. They are offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE WITH REGARD TO THE INFORMATION HEREIN PROVIDED OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS. Since this document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate use and precautionary handling of the referenced product by a properly trained person, it is therefore the responsibility of the user to (i) review the recommendations with due consideration for the specific context of the intended use and (ii) determine if they are appropriate.